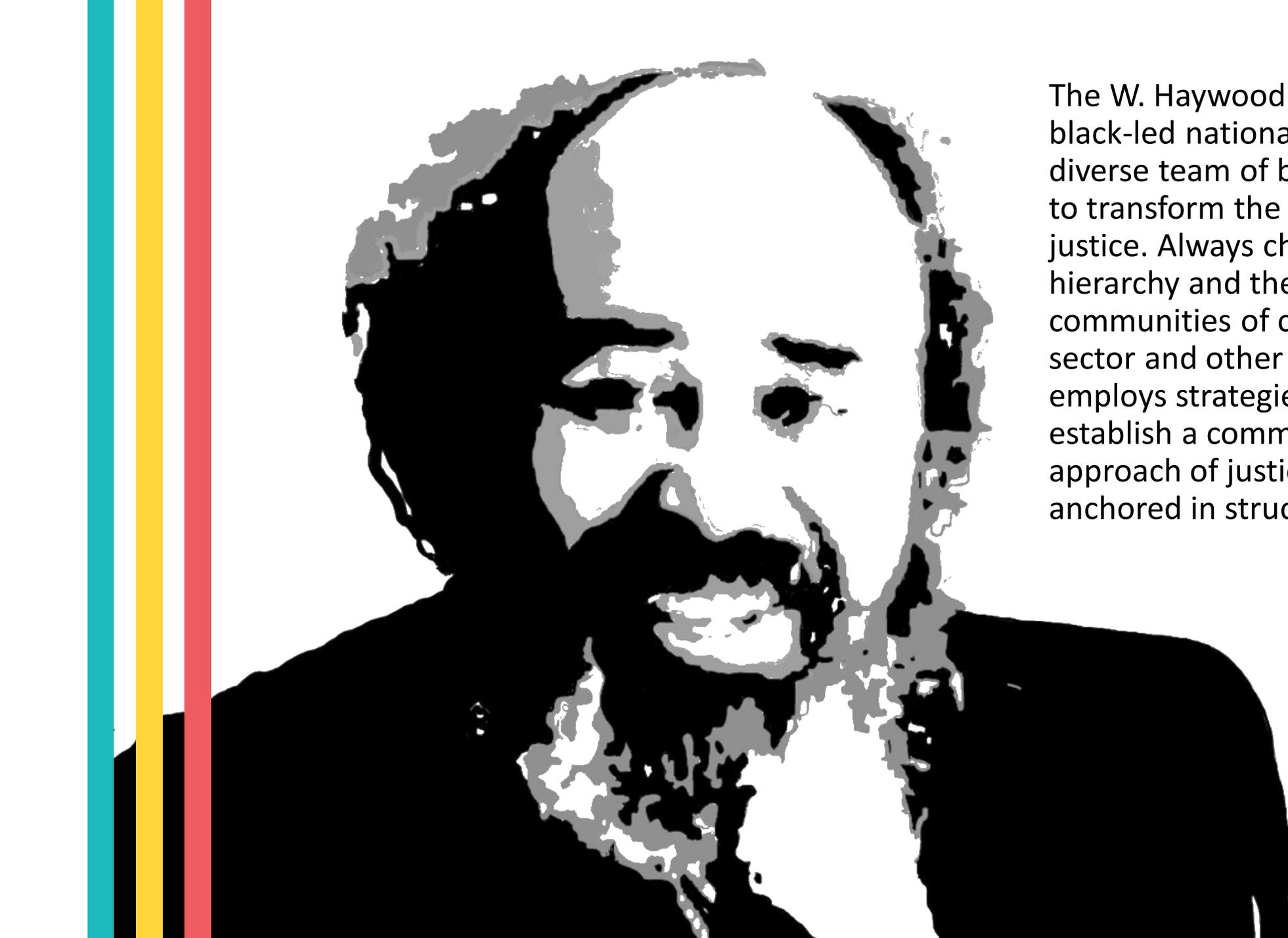


# Alameda County JJDPC Meeting:

Reviewing the State and  
Local Landscape

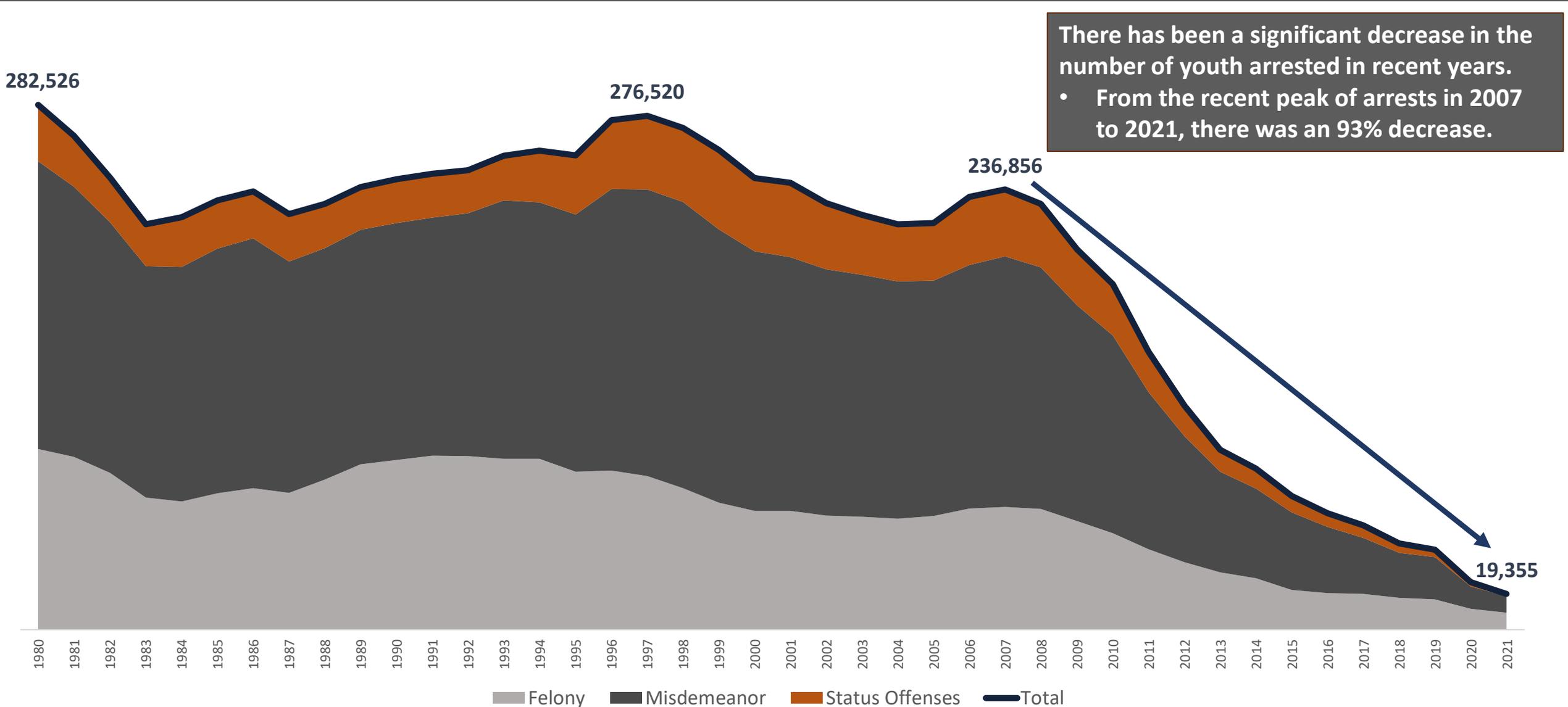
January 11, 2023





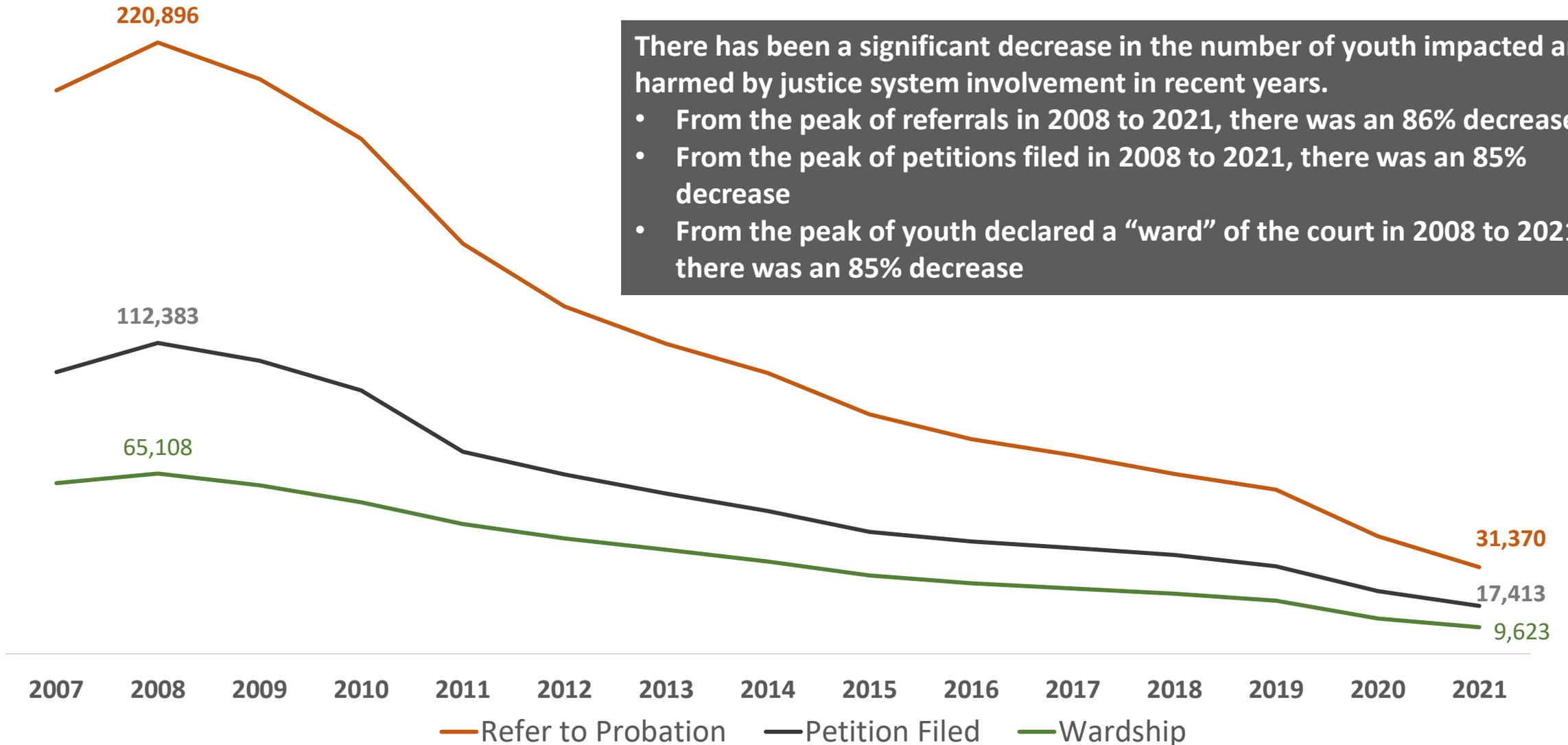
The W. Haywood Burns Institute (BI) is a black-led national, non-profit with a diverse team of bold visionaries, working to transform the administration of justice. Always challenging racial hierarchy and the social control of communities of color by the justice sector and other public systems, BI employs strategies and tactics to establish a community centered approach of justice administration that is anchored in structural well-being.

# Trends in Arrest of Youth in California (1980-2021)



Source: California Department of Justice (DOJ), [Open Justice](#) (1980-2021).

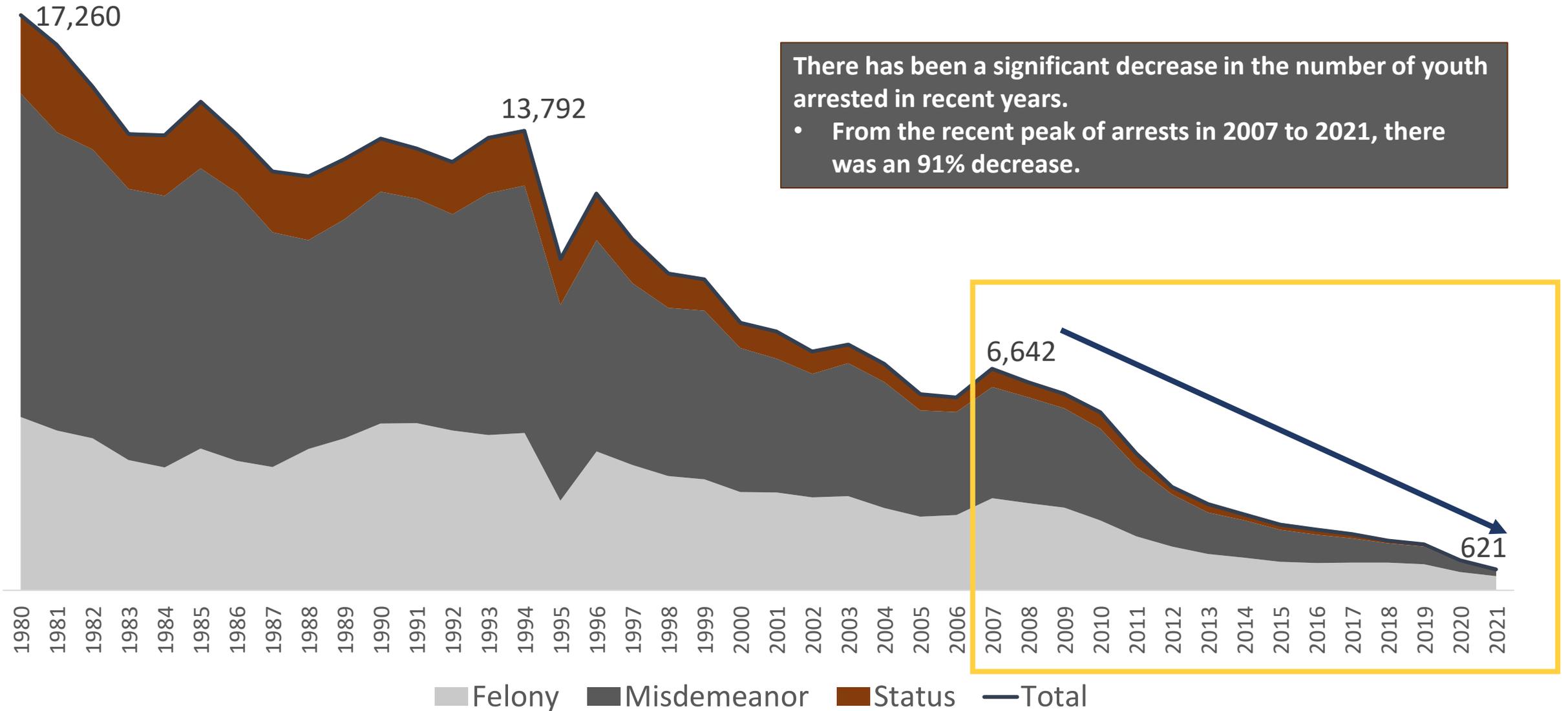
# California Trends in Number of Youth Impacted by Justice System (2006-2021)



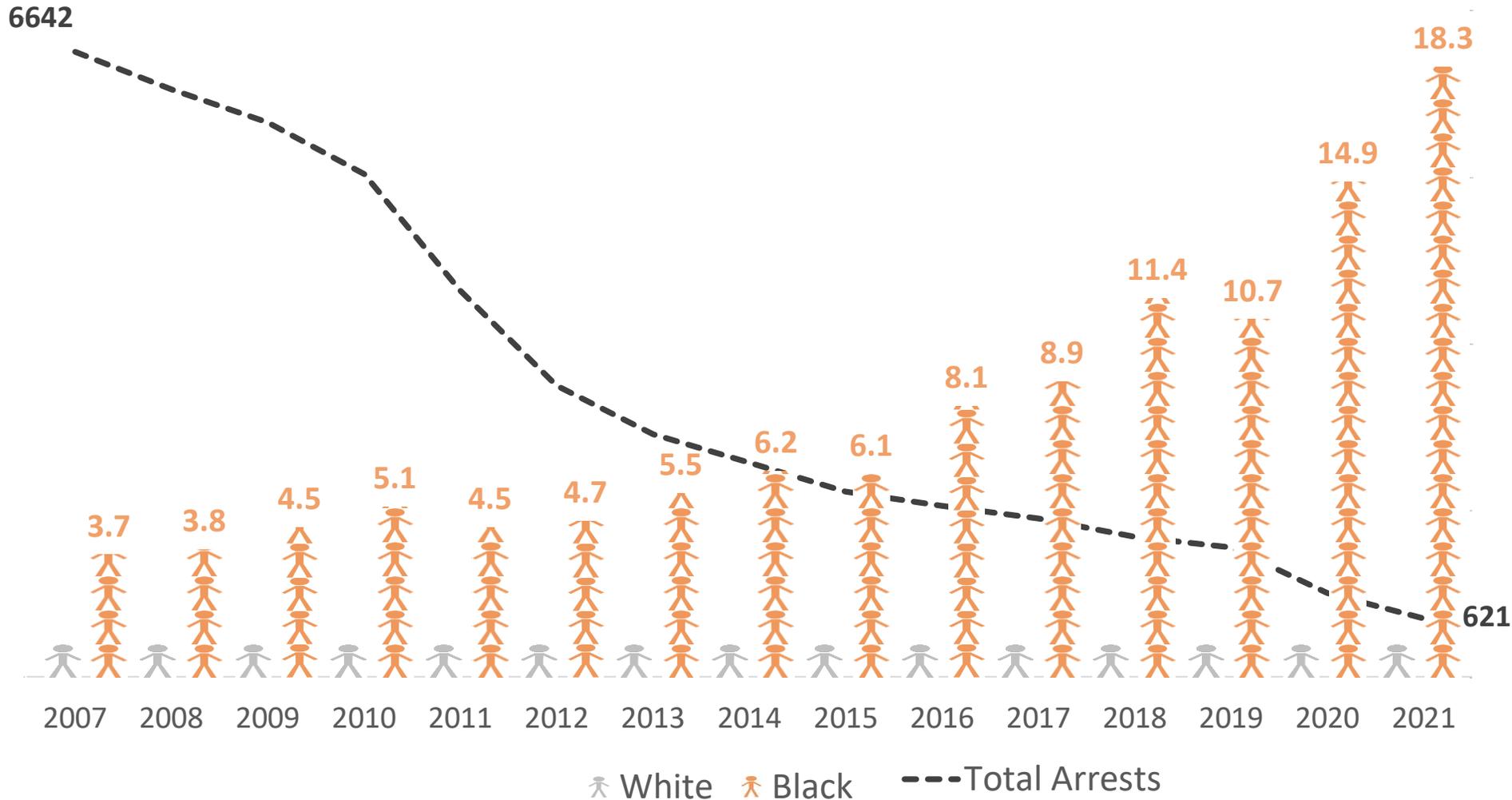
There has been a significant decrease in the number of youth impacted and harmed by justice system involvement in recent years.

- From the peak of referrals in 2008 to 2021, there was an 86% decrease
- From the peak of petitions filed in 2008 to 2021, there was an 85% decrease
- From the peak of youth declared a “ward” of the court in 2008 to 2021, there was an 85% decrease

# Trends in Arrest of Youth in Alameda County (1980-2021)



# As the Number of Arrests in Alameda County Decreased, Racial Disparities Increased (15 years: 2007-2021)



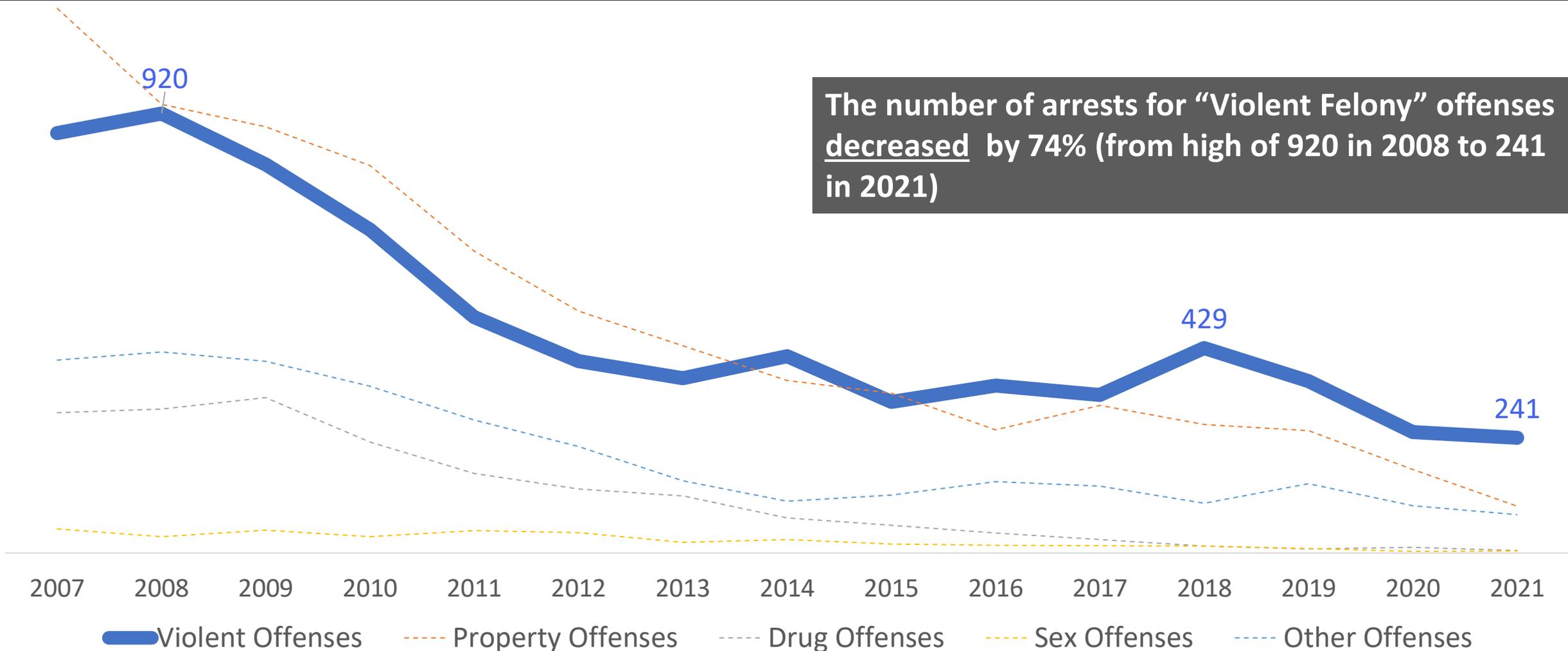
In the last 15 years, the number of arrests decreased by 91% (from 6,642 in 2007 to 621 in 2021)

Racial disparities in arrests increased.

- For every 1 white youth arrested in 2007, there were nearly 4 Black youth arrested.
- For every 1 white youth arrested in 2021, there were more than 18 Black youth arrested.

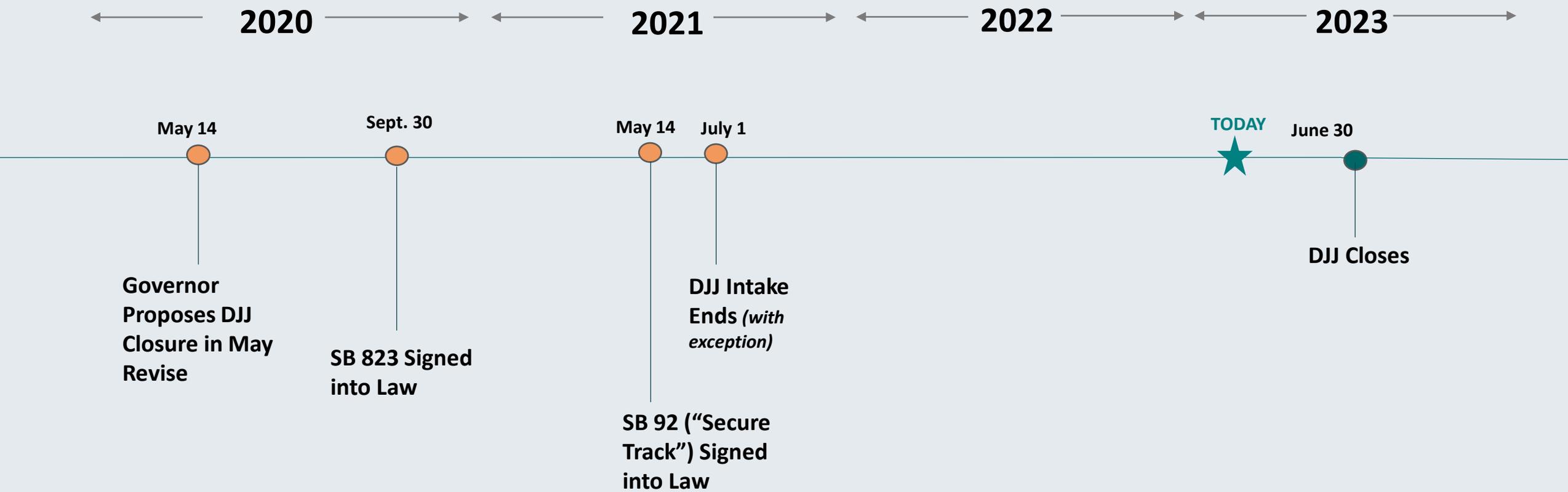
# Alameda County: Youth Arrests for Felony Offenses, focus on "Violent Offenses"

15 years: 2007-2021



Source: California Department of Justice (DOJ), [Open Justice](#) (1980-2021).

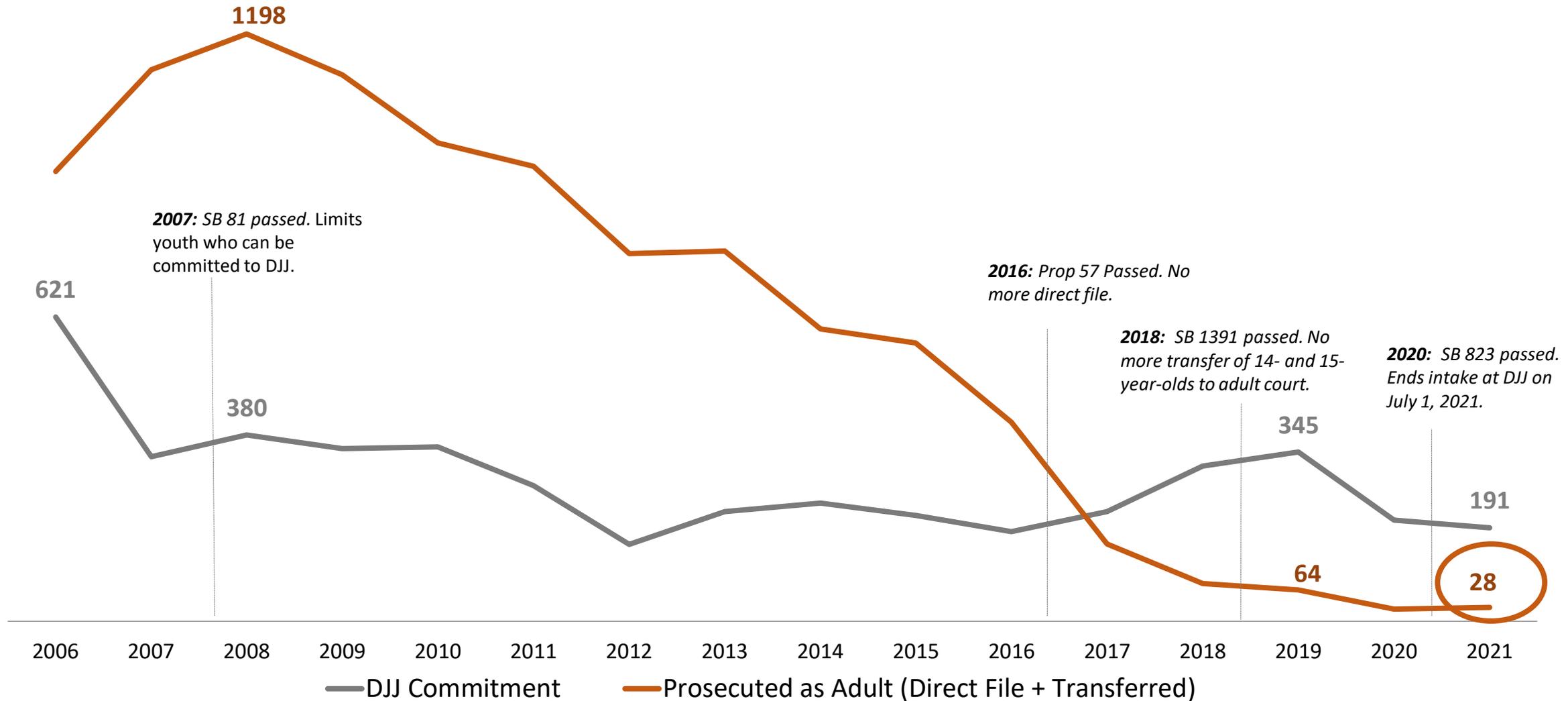
# DJJ Closure Timeline



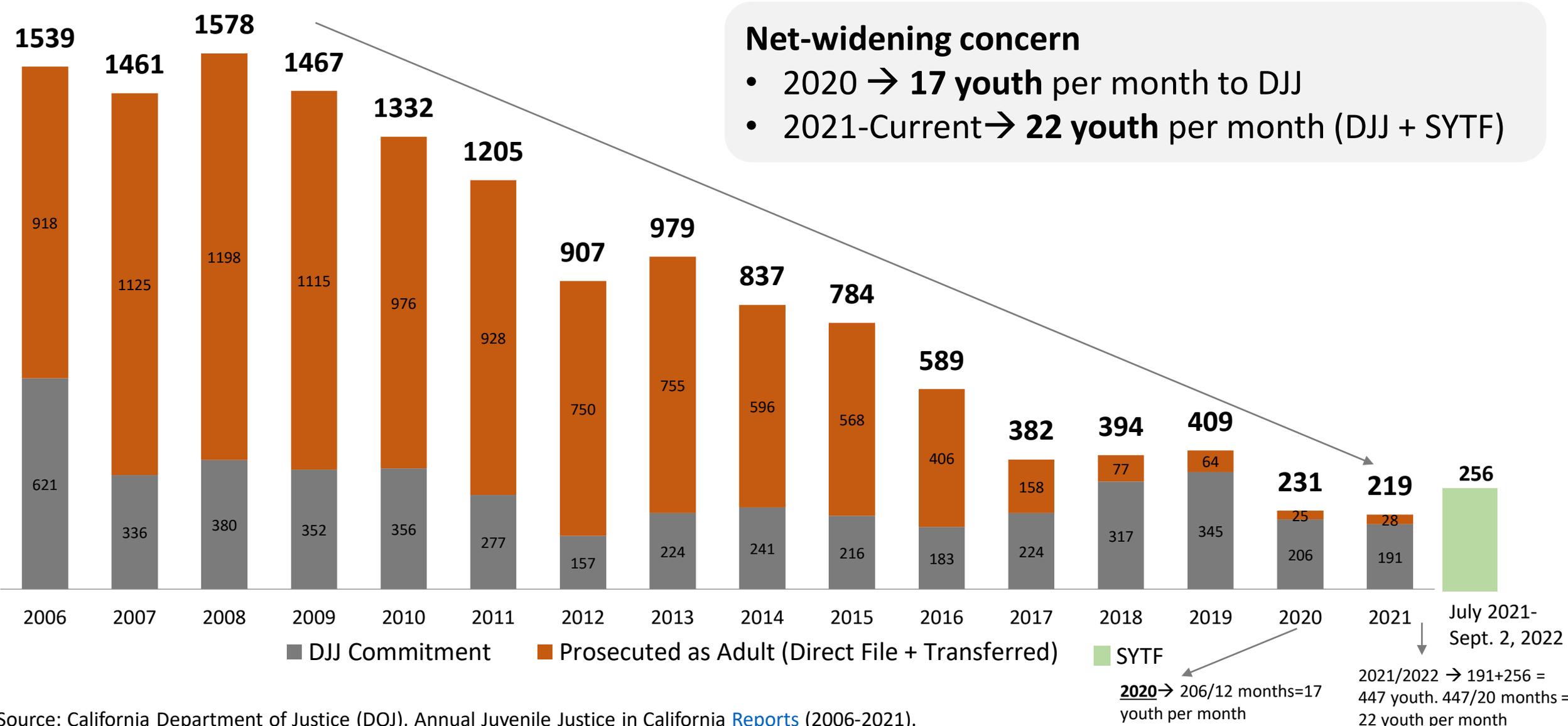
# SB 823 Overview: Purpose (Section 1(a)-(f))

- a) To close DJJ and move the jurisdiction of justice-involved youth to the counties.
- b) To ensure youth are closer to their families and communities and can receive age-appropriate treatment.
- c) To provide counties with funding to implement public health approaches, build capacity to support positive youth development.
- d) To **reduce the confinement of youth** with trauma-informed, culturally-relevant, developmentally appropriate, **community-based responses and interventions** that support youth development.
- e) To **reduce and eliminate racial and ethnic disparities.**
- f) To **reduce transfers of youth into the adult court system.**

# Trends in DJJ Commitments and Adult Court Prosecution (2006-2021)



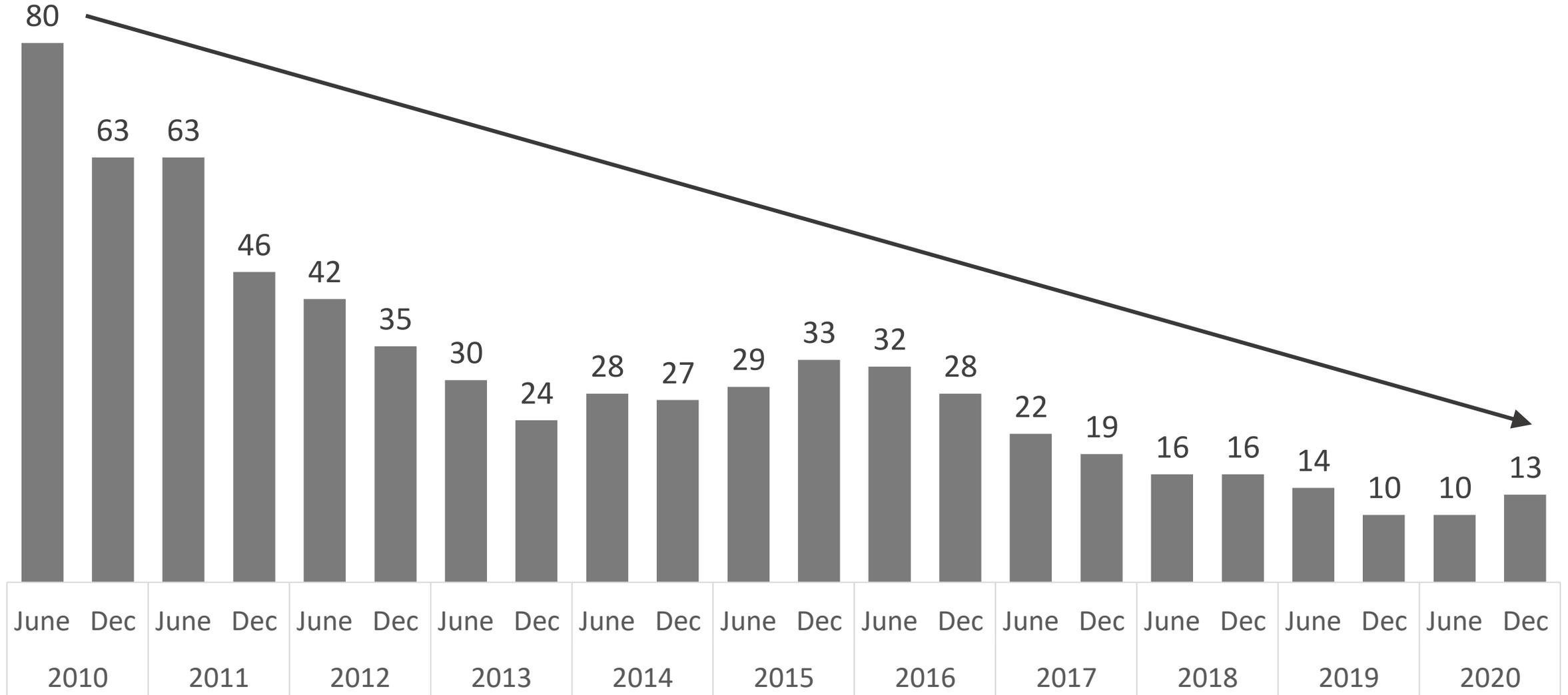
# Trends in DJJ Commitments and Adult Court Prosecution (2006-2021)



Source: California Department of Justice (DOJ), Annual Juvenile Justice in California [Reports](#) (2006-2021).

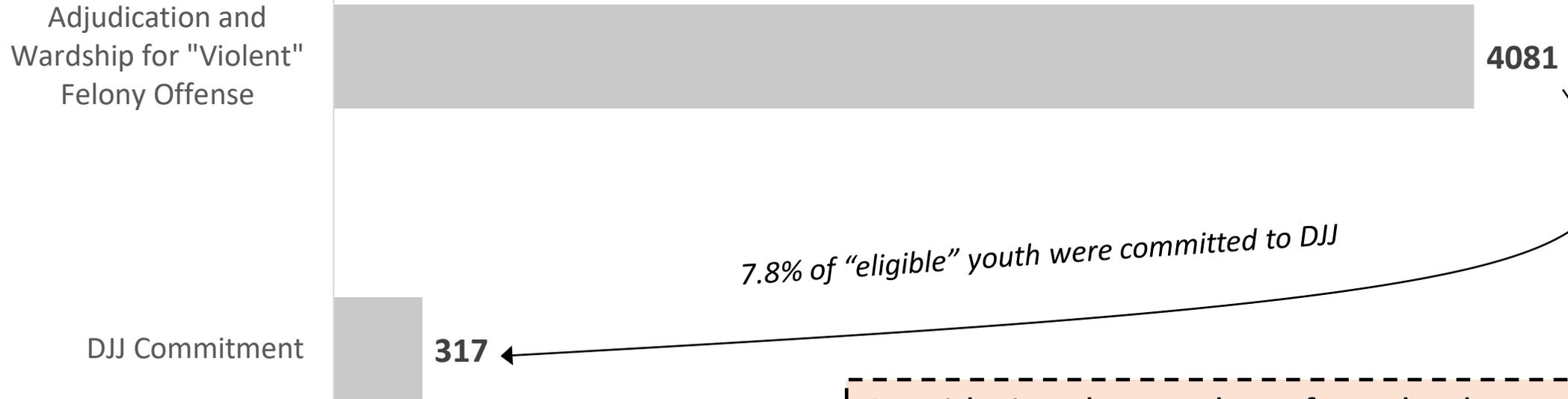


# Snapshot data: Alameda County Youth At DJJ



# Caution: Net widening Potential

## 2018 Data: Sustained "Violent" Offenses and DJJ Commitments



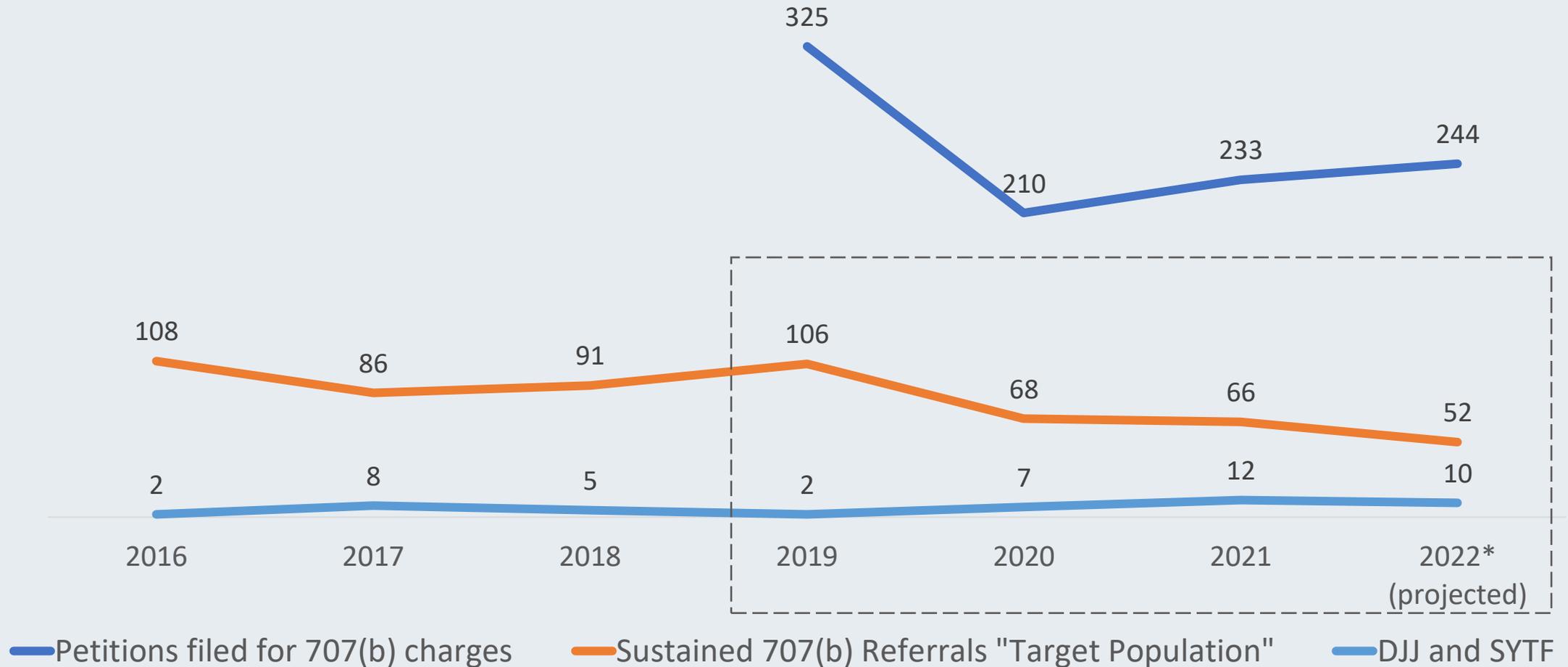
*7.8% of "eligible" youth were committed to DJJ*

Considering the number of youth who were previously "eligible" for DJJ but were kept locally, we need to monitor data to make sure there is not net-widening (*ie: there should not be a higher percentage of eligible youth being committed to a SYTF*).

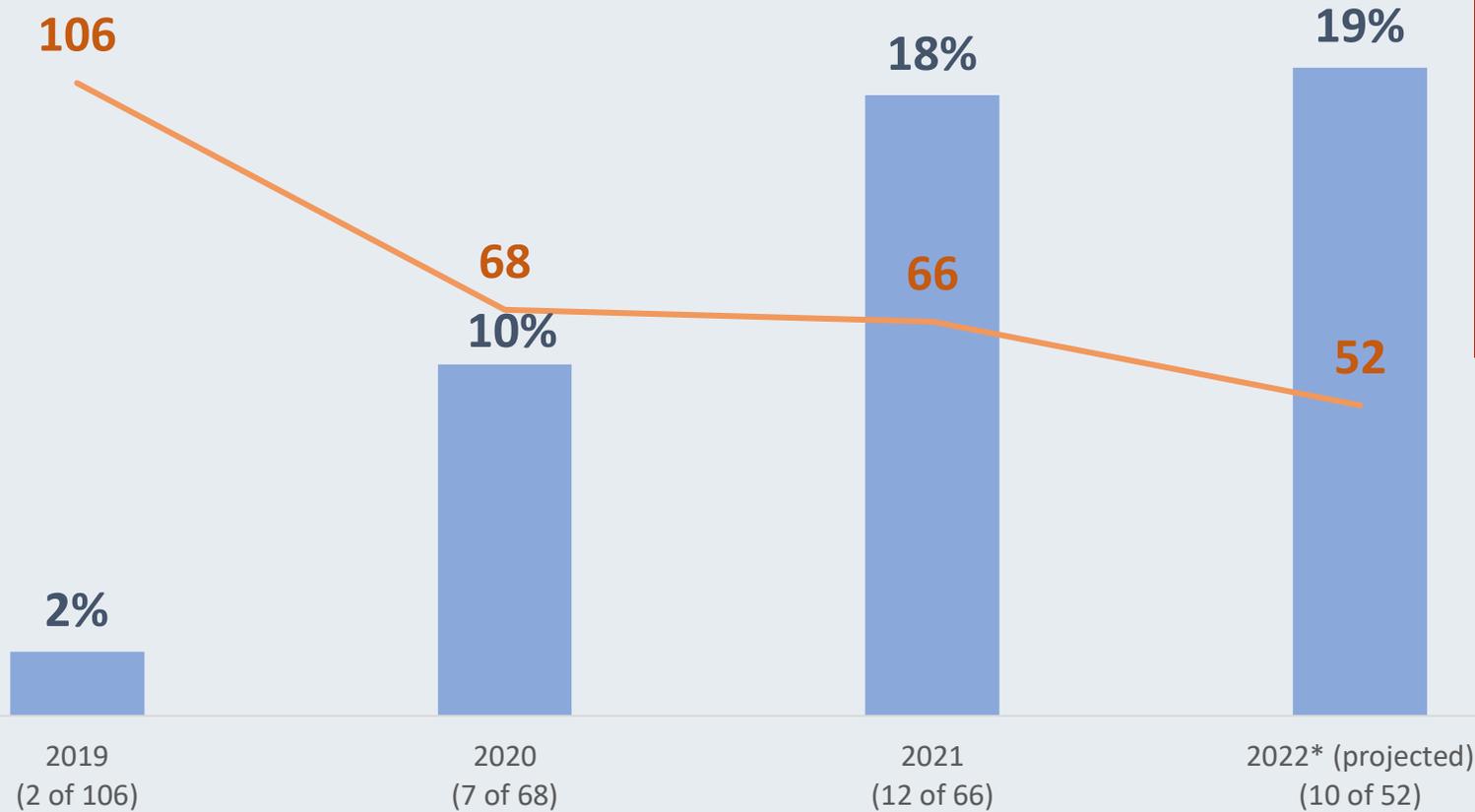
Source: California Department of Justice (DOJ) Data (2018)

Sustained offenses include 707(b) proxy: "Violent Felony" offenses: Homicide, Rape, Assault, Robbery, Kidnapping, Non-vehicular manslaughter and "Other Felony" offenses: "Other sex" and Lewd and Lascivious.

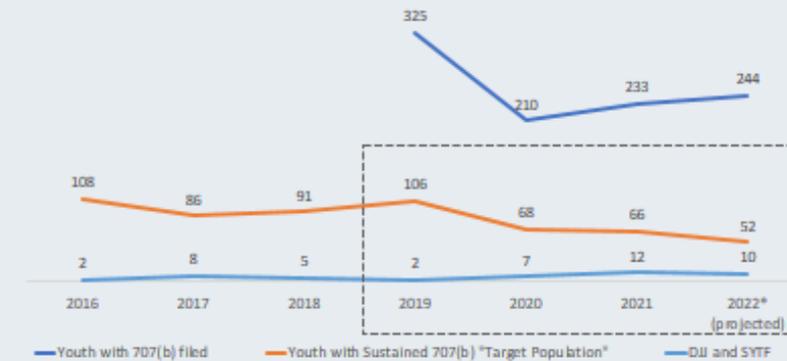
# Recent Trends on Youth Eligible for DJJ/SYTF and Youth Committed



# Number of Sustained 707(b) and % of cases resulting in DJJ/SYTF



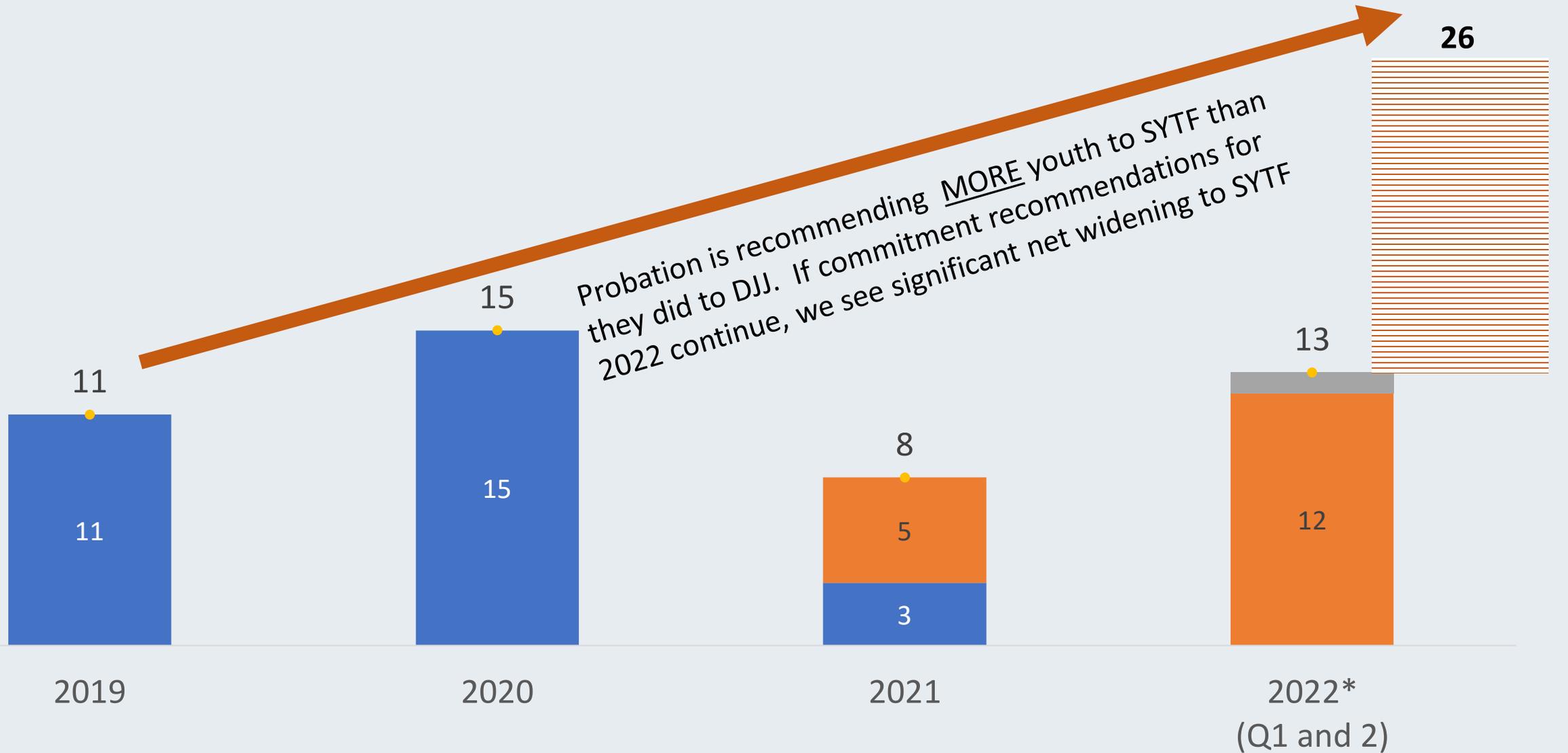
## Recent Trends



■ % of 707(b) that result in DJJ/SYTF

— Number of sustained 707(b)

# Youth recommended for Commitments to DJJ and SYTF





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**Contact Information:**

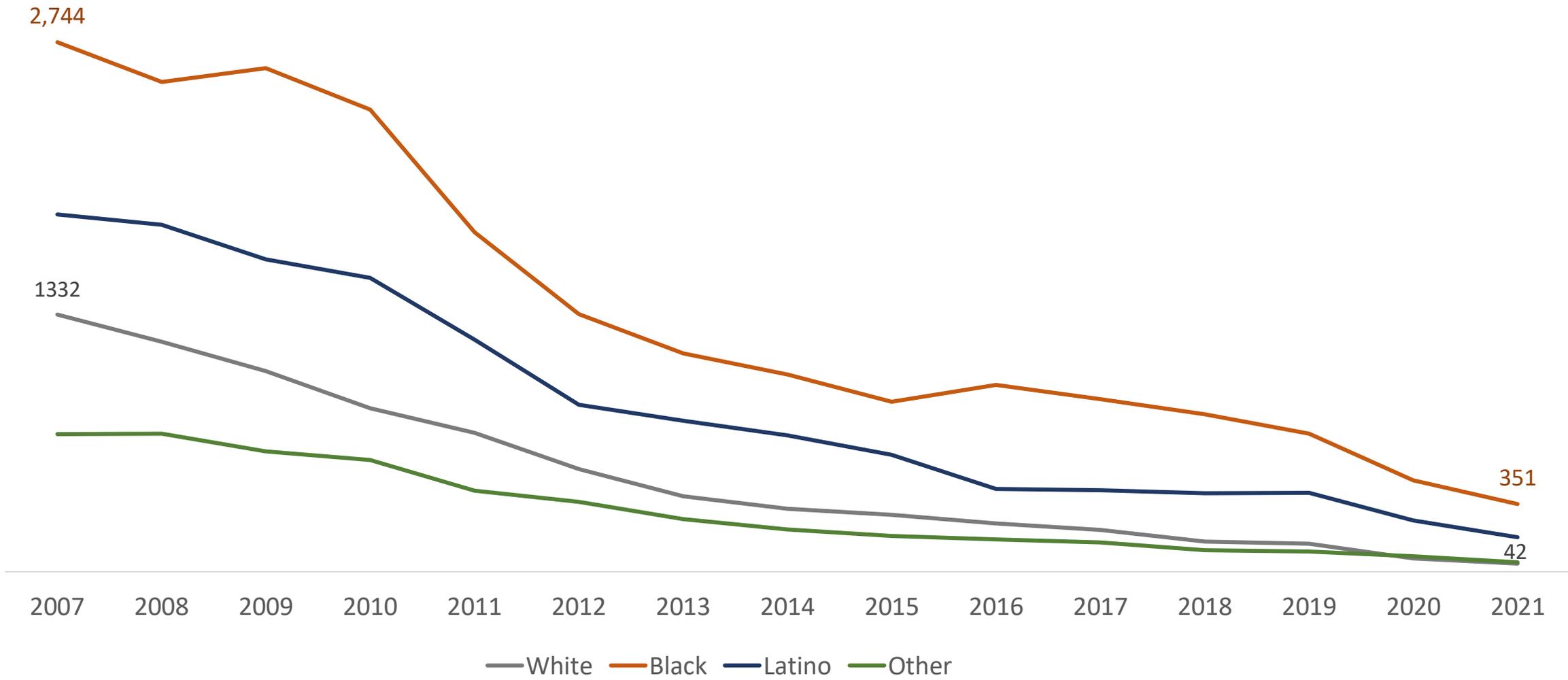
Laura Ridolfi

[lrldolfi@burnsinstitute.org](mailto:lrldolfi@burnsinstitute.org)

(510) 295-7511

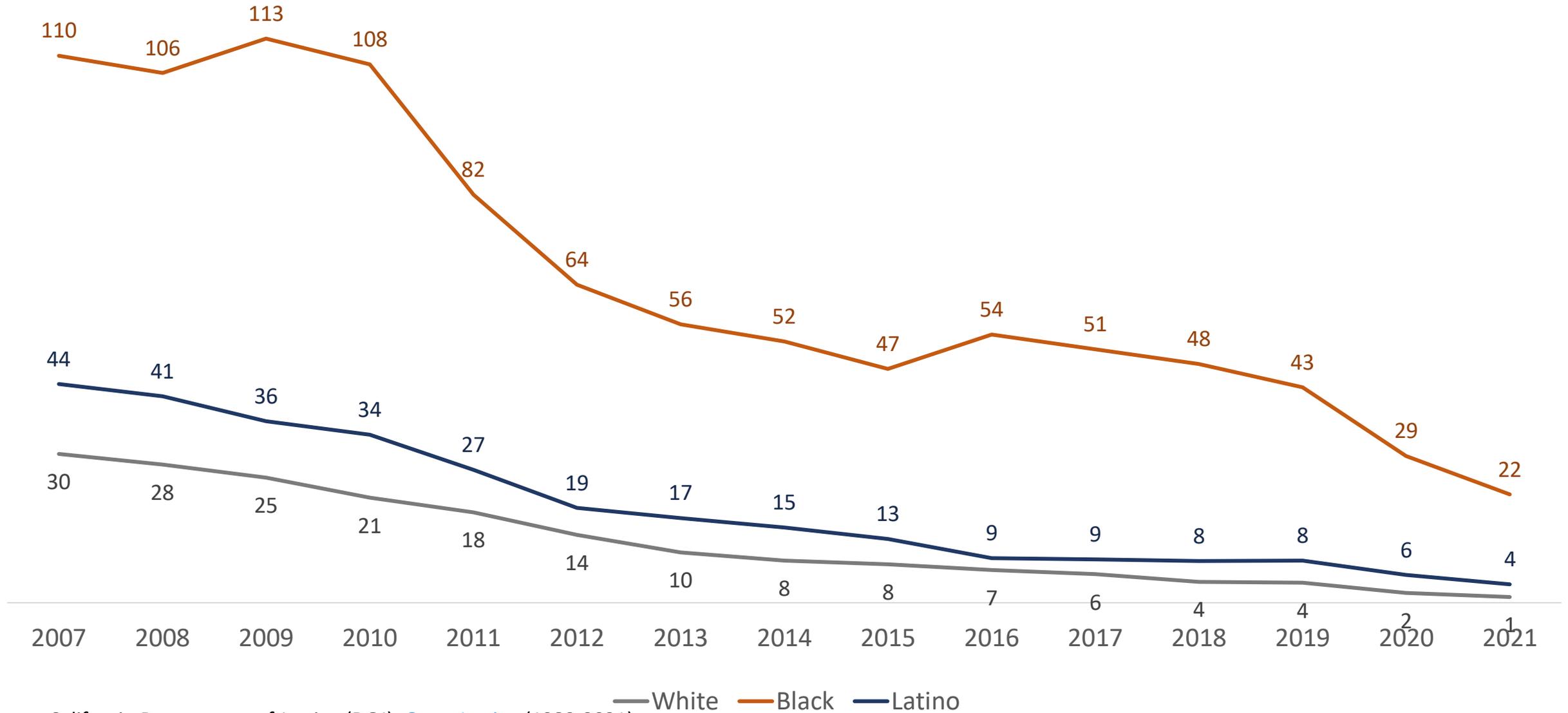
[www.burnsinstitute.org](http://www.burnsinstitute.org)

# Appendix A: Arrest by Race/Ethnicity (15 years: 2007-2021)



Source: California Department of Justice (DOJ), [Open Justice](#) (1980-2021).

# Appendix B: Arrest Rates by Race/Ethnicity Per 1,000 youth in population (15 years: 2007-2021)



Source: California Department of Justice (DOJ), [Open Justice](#) (1980-2021).

# Appendix C: Raw Data: Arrests

## Alameda County Youth Population (10-17)

	White	Black	Latino	Other	Total
2007	44,546	25,009	42,219	39,742	151,516
2008	42,938	23,891	43,400	40,344	150,573
2009	41,451	23,059	44,444	40,612	149,566
2010	40,167	22,195	45,123	40,746	148,231
2011	39,672	21,499	45,156	41,385	147,712
2012	39,147	20,928	45,469	41,772	147,316
2013	38,697	20,264	45,984	42,508	147,453
2014	38,636	19,475	46,610	43,322	148,043
2015	38,285	18,774	47,255	44,497	148,811
2016	37,959	18,003	47,838	45,387	149,187
2017	37,690	17,588	48,252	46,575	150,105
2018	37,027	17,046	48,493	47,578	150,144
2019	36,258	16,566	48,224	48,154	149,202
2020	35,359	16,138	47,936	48,778	148,211
2021*	35,359	16,138	47,936	48,778	148,211

## Alameda County: All Arrests

	White	Black	Latino	Other	Total
2007	1332	2,744	1852	714	6642
2008	1191	2,538	1798	715	6242
2009	1041	2,609	1620	625	5895
2010	847	2,396	1522	579	5344
2011	721	1,760	1203	421	4105
2012	533	1,335	866	363	3097
2013	392	1,132	783	272	2579
2014	327	1,021	706	220	2274
2015	295	881	605	185	1966
2016	251	968	429	168	1816
2017	216	894	422	152	1684
2018	156	817	406	111	1490
2019	146	716	409	106	1377
2020	70	475	267	80	892
2021	42	351	179	49	621

## Rate of Arrest (per 1,000 youth in Alameda County)

	White	Black	Latino	Other	Total
2007	29.9	109.7	43.9	18.0	43.8
2008	27.7	106.2	41.4	17.7	41.5
2009	25.1	113.1	36.5	15.4	39.4
2010	21.1	108.0	33.7	14.2	36.1
2011	18.2	81.9	26.6	10.2	27.8
2012	13.6	63.8	19.0	8.7	21.0
2013	10.1	55.9	17.0	6.4	17.5
2014	8.5	52.4	15.1	5.1	15.4
2015	7.7	46.9	12.8	4.2	13.2
2016	6.6	53.8	9.0	3.7	12.2
2017	5.7	50.8	8.7	3.3	11.2
2018	4.2	47.9	8.4	2.3	9.9
2019	4.0	43.2	8.5	2.2	9.2
2020	2.0	29.4	5.6	1.6	6.0
2021	1.2	21.7	3.7	1.0	4.2

## Disparity in Rate of Arrest (per 1,000 youth in Alameda County)

	White	Black	Latino	Other
2007	1	3.7	1.5	0.6
2008	1	3.8	1.5	0.6
2009	1	4.5	1.5	0.6
2010	1	5.1	1.6	0.7
2011	1	4.5	1.5	0.6
2012	1	4.7	1.4	0.6
2013	1	5.5	1.7	0.6
2014	1	6.2	1.8	0.6
2015	1	6.1	1.7	0.5
2016	1	8.1	1.4	0.6
2017	1	8.9	1.5	0.6
2018	1	11.4	2.0	0.6
2019	1	10.7	2.1	0.5
2020	1	14.9	2.8	0.8
2021	1	18.3	3.1	0.8

**Source:**  
Puzzanchera, C., Sladky, A. and Kang, W. (2021). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2020." Online. Available: <https://ojjdp.ojp.gov/statistical-briefing-book/data-analysis-tools/ezapop>

California Department of Justice (DOJ), [Open Justice](#) (1980-2021).